

Please note

- 1. It is important to note that the language in a Bill often changes as it proceeds through the legislative process. Please check the links to the bills' status for the most current version of the text.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, the bills define PFAS as any organic chemical containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.

Table 1 Adopted legislations

Jurisdiction	Product Scope	Requirement for PFAS	Effective date
California <u>AB 2762</u>	Cosmetic	Prohibition of intentional use of 13 specific PFAS** and their salts, except under specified circumstances.	January 1, 2025
Maryland <u>HB 643</u>	Cosmetic	Prohibition of intentional use of 13 specific PFAS** and their salts, except under specified circumstances.	January 1, 2025



Table 2 Proposed legislations/Bills

Jurisdiction	Product Scope	Requirement for PFAS	Proposed effective date
U.S. Senate <u>S. 2047</u>	Cosmetic	"No PFAS in Cosmetic Act" Ban of PFAS in Cosmetic	No set date. Proposed Rule due ≤ 270 days after enactment of Act. Final Rule due ≤ 90 days after issue of Proposed Rule.
U.S. House of Representatives <u>H.R. 5537</u>	Cosmetic	"Toxic-Free Beauty Act of 2021" Ban of PFAS** in Cosmetic	January 1, 2025
California <u>AB 2771</u>	Cosmetic	Prohibition of all PFAS if intentionally added, or equal to or greater than the practical quantitation limit (PQL) when measured as total organic fluorine.	January 1, 2025
Colorado <u>HB22-1345</u>	Cosmetic	Mandatory written notification from manufacturers of products containing intentionally added PFAS Prohibition of any cosmetic containing intentionally added PFAS	January 1, 2024
New Hampshire <u>HB1422</u>	Cosmetic; Personal Care*	Mandatory warning labels on products containing PFAS.	January 1, 2024



New York <u>\$3331 /A143</u>	Personal Care	Mandatory labelling requirements of product including PFAS** Prohibition of PFAS	Labelling due on/before July 1, 2022 Prohibition of PFAS 3 years after enactment.
New York <u>A8363</u>	Cosmetic; Personal Care	Prohibition of PFAS**	Effective the first occurring: June 1, 2023, or the date/manner that chapter 613 of the laws of 2019 takes effect
New York <u>S02246</u>	Feminine Hygiene Products	Prohibition of PFAS** as a fragrance, colorant, dye, preservative or other intentionally added ingredient in feminine hygiene products	Within one year of the effective date
New York <u>A8491</u>	Cosmetic; Personal Care*	Mandatory written notification from manufacturers of products containing intentionally added PFAS. Prohibition of PFAS	Notification January 1, 2024 Prohibition January 1, 2025
Massachusetts <u>H23506/S1387</u>	Personal Care*	Prohibition of PFAS intentionally added, or, if not intentionally added, in which PFAS substances are present and measurable by testing for total fluorine at a level greater than 1 part per million	January 1, 2023
Minnesota <u>HF 2906/SF 3403</u>	Cosmetic	Prohibition of PFAS	January 1, 2024



Rhode Island S 2449/H 7436	Cosmetic*	Written notification products containing intentionally added PFAS Prohibition of PFAS	January 1, 2024	
Vermont <u>H.27</u>	Personal Care*	Mandatory health and safety warning for personal care products containing PFAS	Upon Enactment	
Vermont <u>H.677/ SB 267</u>	Cosmetic	Mandatory information disclosure on e- commerce websites including PFAS listed as chemicals of high concern to children pursuant to chapter 38A of this title. Prohibition of PFAS**	Act effective July 1, 2022 Prohibition: January 1, 2025	
Washington <u>SB 5703/HB1853</u>	Cosmetic	Prohibition of PFAS**	January 1, 2025	
Washington <u>SB 5480</u>	Cosmetic	Mandatory information disclosure on e- commerce websites including PFAS listed as chemicals of high concern in either under chapter 70A.430 RCW or chapter 70A.350 RCW Prohibition of PFAS**	Information disclosure: January 1, 2023 prohibition: January 1, 2025	
*Cosmetics or personal care products are named in the text. Bill also includes other consumer products. **Additional chemicals/chemical classes are also cited in the bill.				

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